Process Parameter Optimization for Energy Consumption Reduction in Milling Machines

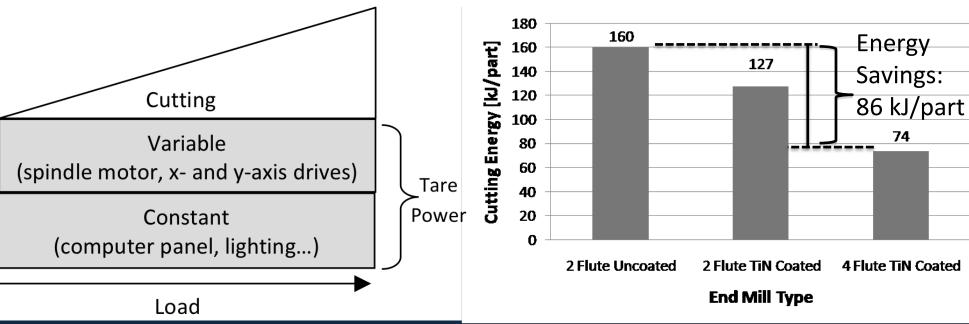


Funding Sources: DTL/Mori Seiki, Ford Foundation Predoctoral Fellowship, UC Chancellor's Fellowship

Motivation & Background

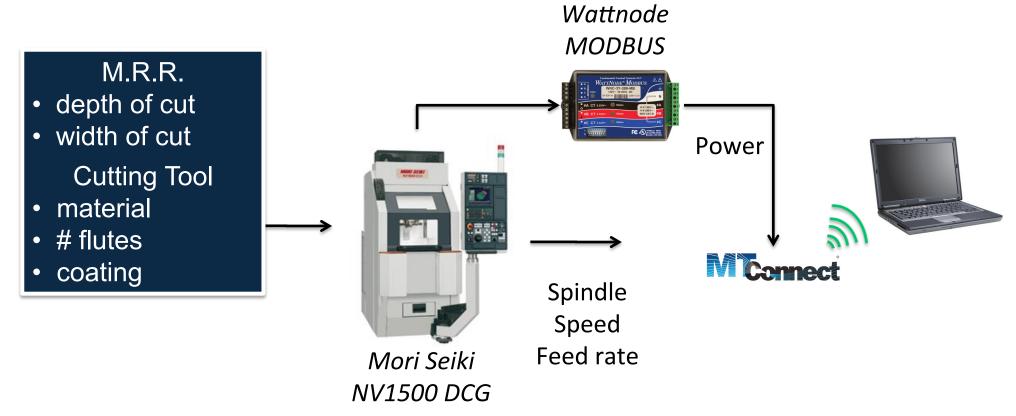
- Power Demand Experimental Setup
- What can operators do to reduce the environmental impact of machining?
- This study is concerned with reducing energy consumption of automated milling machine tools at the process level.
- Previous work shows that changing the cutting tool type to increase the material removal rate (M.R.R.) results in a significant reduction in energy consumption. Specific Energy of Mori Seiki NV1500 DCG

Power Breakdown of Machine Tools



Time and Power Trade-off

In high tare machine tools, time dominates over power when

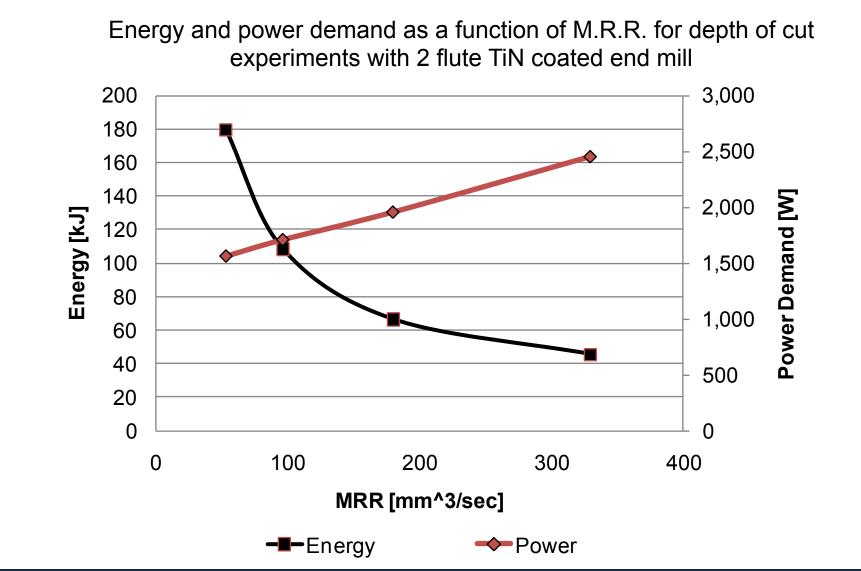


- Power data was obtained and correlated to the process parameters on the Mori Seiki controller using MTConnect
- The recommended feed rates and spindle speeds were maintained by varying the width and depth of cut, and the cutting tool type for the specific energy characterization.

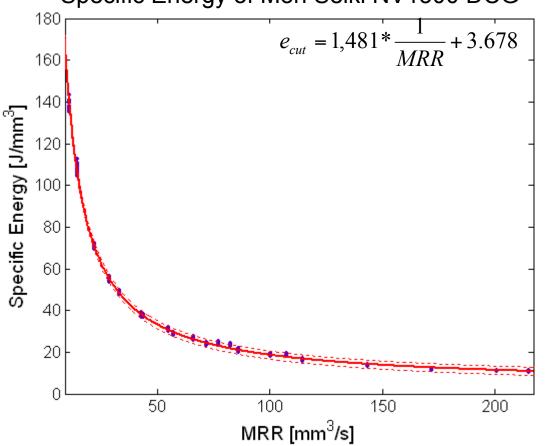
Specific Energy Characterization

The specific energy was found to be inversely proportional to

optimizing for reduced energy consumption.

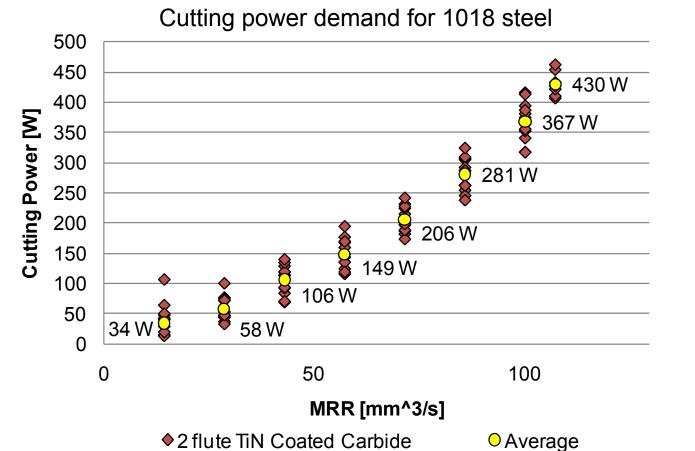


- the material removal rate (M.R.R.).
- The energy consumption of part production can subsequently be estimated. Specific Energy of Mori Seiki NV1500 DCG
- Advantages:
 - Fast A test part doesn't have to be machined
 - Versatile Method can be applied across a range of manufacturing processes
 - Accurate The dependency on M.R.R. adds accuracy vs. using aggregate machining data



Cutting Power Demand

- The cutting power demand for width of cut experiments are shown below using a 2 flute TiN coated carbide end mill.
- With an average air cutting power demand of 1510W, the cutting power demand of the machine tool accounted for as much as 22% of the total power.

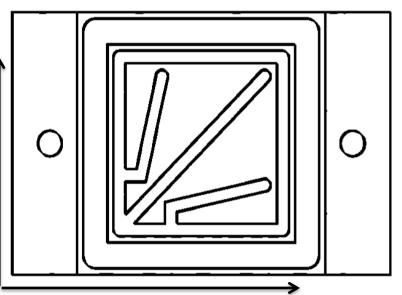


Cutting Force and Power Demand by Tool Type

- A range of cutting tool types are available to vary the M.R.R. of a process for any given machining center, but how do these cutting tools differ in cutting forces and cutting power demand?
- A test part has been designed from which cutting forces across the x, y, and z axes will be measured.
- The objectives of the test part design were to maximize the length of cut

Test part for cutting force and power demand experiments

- along the x and y axes individually, v
- and with simultaneous x and y axis feed for the purpose of interpolating.



Cutting Tool Type Survey and Interviews

- Faster machining reduces energy consumption, but what type of cutting tools are actually being used by industry?
- Survey and Interview Goal:
 - Define market share of cutting What type of coating do your end mill tools have? tool types
- Survey audience:
 - Manufacturing facilities
 - Hobby shops
 - Job shops
 - Commercial facilities
 - Cutting tool manufacturers

	No Coating	AITiN	TiN	TiCN	Other
0%	\odot	\bigcirc	\odot	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
1-20%	\bigcirc	\odot	\bigcirc	\odot	\bigcirc
21-40%	\odot	\bigcirc	\odot	\odot	\bigcirc
41-60%	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc	0	0
61-80%	\odot	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\odot	\odot
81 100%	-	0			
81-100%	0	0			
low long do your end				ch life span	range.
ow long do your end				ch life span 151-200 minutes	
low long do your end	entage of endmill 1-50	tools that 51-100	fall under ea 101-150	151-200	more than 200
low long do your end Please indicate the perce	entage of endmill 1-50	tools that 51-100 minutes	fall under ea 101-150 minutes	151-200	more than 200
How long do your end Please indicate the perce	entage of endmill 1-50	tools that 51-100 minutes	fall under ea 101-150 minutes	151-200	more than 200

Sample Cutting Tool

Survey Questions

These forces will be correlated to the cutting power demand for a range of cutting tool types.

Contributions by Kevin Ninomiya (kevininomiya@berkeley.edu)

Conclusions and Future Work

- Process parameter optimization allows the environmental impact of the manufacturing phase of a product to be reduced at the operator-level.
- The specific energy model developed herein can be used by designers and manufacturers alike to estimate the energy consumption of a part's production.
- Furthermore, experiments will be conducted in which the cutting forces of various cutting tool types and power demand are correlated. A survey will also be released and interviews conducted to determine the actual use of the various types of cutting tools in industry.



Contributions by Kevin Ninomiya (kevininomiya@berkeley.edu)